Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois, Chosen by Acclamation - The Convention Closes Its Work and Adjourns.

CHICAGO, June 24.-Chairman Wilson hammered the convention to order at 2:55 o'clock yesterday and Rev. Thomas Greene, of Iowa, delivered the prayer

The roll call for speeches nominating candidates for vice president was begun at 3 p. m. Arkansas yielded to Indiana and Hon. John E. Lamb took the floor and put in nomination Isaac P. Gray, of Indiana. Mr. Lamb said:

of Indiana. Mr. Lamb said:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention: When I was elected as a delegate to this convention from my district I hoped to have the honor as well as pleasure of casting my vote for an honored son of Indiana for the presidency of the United States jeheers!, but when we arrived at this convention we found that the majority had already decided that another than an Indianian shall lead the contest in the coming campaign. [Cheers.]

We bowed our heads to their judgment and united with the Cleveland democracy. [Great applianse.] Yesterday Grover Cleveland was the choice by a majority of the democratic party. To-day he is the unanimous nominee of



ADLAY E. STEVENSON.

the democratic party [applause] and the ques-tion which confronts this convention is, whon

for which confronts this convention is, whom shall it be that will have the honor to hold up the hands and arms of the candidate who carries the banner of the democracy in this campaign? [Tremendous cheering and cries of 'Gray, ']

Where shall be come from? [Cries of "Indiana, Indiana, "I New Jersey—God bless her —is always democratic. Connecticut is surely safe, and when the dawn broke upon this aforting after a night of struggle and of tell the cloquent tongue of the distinguished gentleman quent tongue of the distinguished gentlema from New York, Hon. Bourke Cockran jap plause], whose name I love to honor, told this convention that New York was as rock ribbed as Texas for any democrat that could be nom-inated. [Applause.] That being true, the thirty-six electoral votes of New York are solid for that prince of democrats, Grover Cleveland

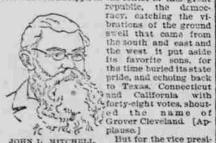
for that prince of democrats, Grover Gleveland, [Appliane.]

I come from a state which is the very center of the political battlefield of the great west, a state which has given to the history of American politics the immortal name of Thomas A. Hendricks. [Loud applause.] Whenever the democratic party has listened to its advice, whenever you have honored the state of Indiana with a place upon your ticket, whether it was in the grand battle of 1876, the fruits of which victory avere stolen from us, or in the grand battle of 1884 when you had Indiana on your ticket, you had democratic victory. [Enthusiastic applianse.] And now in behalf of that state which has never faltered, which has never sulted, which has never sulted, which has fought every linch of ground. I desire upon behalf of the united delegation from Indiana to ask this convention to make fifteen votes in the electoral college. delegation from Indiana to ask this convention to make fifteen votes in the electoral college details, by placing upon your ticket the name of that honored leader who never lost a battle. Hen Isaac P. Gray. [Cheers long and loud] as to our candidate, he has been tried in the balance and never found wanting. [Applause.] In the great contest of 1852, he carried the state of Indiana for governor by 1,000 more votes than Cleveland and Hentricks. What more can I say for him? The tomeus of starre can I say for him? The tongue of slar der has never been able to plerce his democratic ormer. For twenty years he has fought the battle of democracy. He will hight them again whether upon the tisket or not. [Applause.] But, my friends, if there is a certainty of fifteen electoral votes for Grover Cleveland an Isanc P. Gray in the state of Indiana, nor and we will deliver the votes.

Colorado, next on the roll of states was next called, and gave way to Illi-nois, which state sent to the platform ex-Congressman N. W. Worthington, who presented the name of Hon. Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois.

Mr. Worthington, in nominating Stevenson, said:

Mr. Chairman and Fellow Delegates-Illinois has presented no presidential candidate to this convention. It has within its borders more than one favorite son, whom it would have delighted to honor, and who are worthy of all the political honors that could be conferred upon them, but here in this great city of Chicago, in this great commonwealth of Lilinois, bordering upon the lake and the Mississippi, in the center of this great republic, the democ



the time buried its state pride, and echoing back to Texas. Connecticut "and California with forty-eight votes, shoutfor the name of Grover Cleveland [Application of plause] Plause.] But for the vice presi-JOHN L MITCHELL

dency, the second high-est place within the gift of the people, it has a candidate so fully equipped by nature and ed-mention that it feels that it would be a political fault to fall to urge his name for nomination be-

fault to fall to urge his name for nomination before you.

I stand here, gentlemen, to name as a candidate for that position a man that is known by
every woman and child and voter that ever
licked a postage stamp, in every village
and hamlet in the land (applause), a big
bodied big hearted big brained man: a
man of commanding presence, of dignified
mien, a man whose courtesy in his every day
manner is rarely equalied and never excelled;
a man who, in the administration of his duties
in the last democratic administration, was the
beau ideal of an honest, honorable, useful and heat ideal of an honest, honorable, useful and efficient officeholder. Like his great leader, who bears your banner, he believes that public office is a public trust, but he believes also that the democrats are the best trustees of the

Connecticut sent up Delegate Vance to second the nomination of Gray, of Indiana, and Idaho spoke for the Hoosier. "Jowa," bawled the secretary, ington's favorite son who was calling the roll. There was a stir of curious interest in the conven-Up rose then Iowa's chairman and said:

Young John S. Rhen, of Kentucky, where the greatest of joy prevailed.

And we want Stevenson because we be-lieve that he knows that in the democratic party are enough competent men to fill the offices." The yells of approv-al were renewed and prolonged in re-sponse to this and the speaker sat down

amid great cheers.

Edwin F. Uhl went up to the platform to speak for Michigan. He presented the name of Chief Justice Allen S. Morse,

of the Peninsula state.

New York being called, up rose Gov.
Flower: "New York has no candidate to present," he said.

North Carolina seconded the name of Stevenson, and then there was a skip along the states on the roll call until Texas was reached, and its voice was lifted for Isaac P. Gray. John Goode, of Virginia, got on his chair and sent up his indorsement of Stevenson. Washington, in the effusion of a pouring rain storm on the roof and uneasy galleries, made herself heard for Gray. Then came up gray-haired Delegate Bragg, of Wisconsin, to put up the name of John L. Mitchell of that state. The rain was so furious and the patter so steady that no voice could make itself heard. So Mr. Bragg sat down and waited for the din to subside.

Finally, after nearly three-quarters of an hour. Mr. Bragg resumed his speech for Mitchell. Then the nominations being con-

cluded, the roll was begun. Alabama led off without a skip for Morse. Arkansas came in with her sixteen for Gray. California split squarely in the middle-nine each for Gray and Stevenson. Illinois' forty-eight were plumped into the Stevenson basbut Iowa first stirred the crowd. "We cast our solid vote for Henry Watterson," said the chairman and there were cheers.

The biggest breeze of the roll call swept the convention when Gov. Flower stood on his feet and stated New York was solid for Stevenson, 72 votes. When the roll was finished the figures

showed Stevenson 402 and Grav 348-no Then changes commenced and finally Stevenson received the necessary vote

and his nomination was made unani-At 5:20 the convention adjourned sine

WHO THE NOMINEE IS.

Adlai Ewing Stevenson, of Bloomington, Ill., the democratic candidate for vice-president of the United States, was born in Christian county, Kentucky, October 23, 1835, and educated in the common schools of Kentucky and at Center college, Danville, Ky.

He removed with his parents to Bloomington, Ill., in 1852 and began studying law at Bloomington in 1857, being admitted to the bar in May, 1858. He located at Metamora, Woodford county, Illinois, and immediately began the practice of law, re-maining in that city for ten years. He was appointed to the office of master in chancery by the circuit judge, and after holding that position for four years was elected district attorney, an office which he held for four years. the expiration of his term as district attorney he returned to Bloomington, Ill., and formed a law partnership with James S. Ewing in January, 1868, which partnership still exists, the firm of Stevenson & Ewing being one of the leading law firms of central Illinois, and one of repute in state and federal courts for over twenty years.

In 1864 Mr. Stevenson canvassed the state of Illinois as a candidate for presidential elector on the democratic ticket. In 1874 hs was nominated for congress in the Bloomington district. The district had 3,000 republican majority, but after a very exciting canvass Stevenson defeated his opponent, Gen. Mc-Nulta for re-election by over 1,200 majority. He served in congress during the Hayes and Tliden electoral contest and was one of the earn stadvocates of a peaceful settlement of the differences in the presidential controversy. He was defeated for re-election to congress in 1876, the district at that time giving a repub-

lican majority of less than 200. He at once resumed the practice of law, but was once more renominated for congress in 1878, this time defeating his opponent, Congressman Tipton, and being elected by over 2,000 majority. After the expiration of that term of office Gen. Stevenson resumed the practice of law and was a delegate to the democratic national convention of 1884 which nominated Grover Cleveland for president. After the latter's election Stevenson was appointed first assistant postmaster general and held that office dur-

ing the entire Cleveland administration. His urbanity made him exceedingly popular with all classes of people and he was probably the favorite of the Cleveland administration at Washington during the four years of democratic

Gen. Stevenson was a delegate-atlarge from Illinois to the convention which nominated him for the vice presidency. He was unanimously elected chairman of the Illinois delegation and occupied the position at its head and made all announcements for the delegation until his name was entered in the vice-presidential contest, when he deliberately retired to the gallery. The headquarters of Gen. Stevenson at the Palmer house last night was the mecca of thousands of enthusiastic democrats and the general was forced to repair to one of the public parlors where for three hours he shook hands with a stream of visitors that passed rapidly through and were presented to him by Congressman Springer ond others. During this reception most of the Tammany delegates called to pay their respects to Stevenson and all of them gave words of cheer.

AT STEVENSON'S HOME. BLOOMINGTON, Ill., June 24.-The news of the nomination of Hon. A. E. Stevenson was received here a few minutes after the action of the convention. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed throughout the entire county the people of all parties alike, the democrats almost going wild over the honor bestowed on Bloom-It had hardly become generally known until the telegraph was besieged by prominent citizens hastening their con-Iowa, gentlemen, has no candidate for the second place. It is the wish of Gov. Boies and of this delegation that his name shall not be presented for the vice-presidency.

Dillegate Scott, of Kansas, in a fifteen gratulations. The people have begun second sentence, declared that practical have so honored the town, the assopolitics demanded Gray in the second ciated press reporter carried the news place.

was sent up to second Mr. Stevenson's nomination in behalf of a part of the indeed a great and pleasant surprise to me. It was unexpected on our part, as 'We a int Mr. Stevenson on the tick- Mr. Stevenson said nothing of any such et," he stid, "because we, in Kentucky, take our politics as we do our whisky; we believe that Mr. Stevenson is a man who believes that to the victor belong the spoils. [Yellsof "Good" and cheers.]

NOMINATING CLEVELAND.

loquent Remarks of Gov. Abbett, of New Jersey, in Presenting the Name of Grover Cleveland to the National Democratic

In presenting the name of Grover Cleveland to the national democratic convention as the choice of the masses

of the democratic party for president, Gov. Abbett, of New Jersey, said:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention—In presenting a name to this convention I speak for the united democracy of the state of New Jersey, whose loyalty to democratic principles, faithful services to the party, and whose contributions to its success entitle it to the respectful consideration of the democracy of the union. Its electoral your has always it to the respectful consideration of the democracy of the union. Its electoral vote has always been cast in support of democratic principles and democratic candidates. [Cheers] In volcing the unanimous wish of the delegation from New Jersey I present as their candidate for the suffrage of this convention the name of a distinguished democratic statesman born upon its soil and for whom in two great presidential contests the state of New Jersey has given its electoral vote [Cheers] The supreme consideration in the mind of the democratic party and its prinsuccess of the democratic party and its prin-

mind of the democracy of New Jersey is the success of the democratic party and its principles. We have been in the past and will be in the future ready at all times to sacrifice personal preferences in deference to the clear expressions of the will of the democracy of the union. It is because this name will awaken throughout our state the enthusiasm of the democracy and insure success; it is because he represents the great democratic principles and policy upon which this convention is a unit; it is because we believe that with him as a candidate the democracy of the union will sweep the country and establish its principles throughout the length and breadth of the land, that we offer to the convention as a nominee the choice

the length and breadth of the land, that we of-fer to the convention as a nominee the choice of the democracy of New Jersey, Grover Cleve-land. [Applause.] If any doubt existed in the minds of the dem-ocrats of New Jersey of his ability to lead the great democratic hosts to victory they would not present his name to-day. With them the success of the party and the establishment of its principles are beyond their love and admira-

not present his name to-day. With them the success of the party and the establishment of its principies are beyond their love and admiration for any man. [Cheers.]

We feel certain that every democratic state, though its preference may be for some other distinguished democrat, will give its warm, enthusiastic and carnest support to the nominee of this convention. The way when we present of this convention. The man whom we present will rally to his party thousands of independent voters, whose choice is determined by their personal equiviction that the candidate will reppersonal conviction that the candidate will represent principles dear to them, and whose public acts and policy give assurance that if chosen by the people they will secure an honest, pure and conservative administration and that the great interests of the country will be encourged and protected. The time will come when other distinguished democratis who have been mentioned in connection with this nomination will receive that consideration to which the great services they have rendered their party entitles them, but we stand to-day in the presence of the fact that the majority of the democratic masses throughout the country—the rank and file, the millions of voters—domand the nomination of Grover Cleveland. [Cheers.]

that it has affected and controlled the actions of delegates who would otherwise present the name of some distinguished teader of their own state, with whom they feel victory would be eel confidence, but the people have spoken and favorite sons and leaders are standing aside in

shedience to their will. [Cheers.] Shall we listen to the voice of the democracy of the union. Snall we place on our banner the nan of our choice, the man in whom they believe, or shall we for any consideration of policy or expediency hesitate to obey their will?

I have sublime faith in the expression of the

We confidently rely upon the loyal and suc-cessful work of the democratic leaders who have advocated other candidates. We know in the great state across the river from New Jersey, now controlled by the democratic party, there is no democrat who will shirk the duty of making every effort to secure the success of the candidate of this convention, notwithstanding his judgment may differ from that of the majority. The democracy of New York and its great leaders, whose efforts and splendid generalship have given to us a democratic senator and gov-ernor, will always be true to the great party they represent: they will not waver, nor will they rest in the coming canvass.

They have achieved success.

Their grand victories of the past, their nattural aid, honorable ambition, their unquestioned democracy will make them arise and fight as never before and with those that they represent and lead they will marshal the great independent vote and we will again secure for us the democratic victory in New York. The grand democrats under whose leadership the city and state of New York are now governed will give to the cause the great weight of their organizations.

The thundering echoes of this convention announcing the nomination of Grover Cleveland will not have died out over the hills and through the valleys of this land before you will hear and see all our leaders rallying to the support of our candidate. They will begin their efforts for or ganization and success, and continue their work until victory crowns their efforts. All democrats will light for victory, and they will suc-ceed because the principles of the party enun-ciated here are for the best interests of the country at large, and because the people of this country at mage, and because the people of this hand have unquestioned faith that Grover Cleve-land will give the country a pure, honest and stable government and an administration of which the great business interest of the country and the agricultural and laboring classes of the masses will receive proper and due considera-

The question has been asked why it is that the masses of the party demand the nomina-tion of Grever Cleveland? Why is it that this tion of Grever Cleveland? Why is it that this man who has no offices to distribute, no wealth to command, should have secured the spontaneous support of the great body of democracy? Why is it that with all that has been urged against him the people still cry "Grover Clevend?" Why is it, although be has pronounced an honest, clear and sible language his views upon questions upon which some of his party may differ with him, that he is still near and dear to the masses?

dear to the masses?

It is because he has crystalized into a living issue the great principle upon which this battle is to be fought out at the coming election. If he did not create tariff reform, he made it a presidential issue; he vitalized and presented presidential issue: he vitalized and presented it to our party as the issue for which we could fight and continue to battle until upon it victory is now assured. There are few men in his position who would have courage to boldly make the issue and present it so clearly and foreibly as he did in his great message of 1838. I believe that his policy then was to force a national issue which would appeal to the judgment of the people. We might honor a man who is honest enough and bold enough under such circumstances to proclaim that the success of the party upon principle is better than evasion or shirking of the national issues for temporary success. principle is better than evasion or shirking of the national issues for temporary success. When victory is obtained upon a principle it forms the solid foundation of party success in the future. It is no longer the question of a battle to be won on the mistakes of our foes, but it is a victory to be accomplished by a charge along the whole line under the baner of principle. There is another reason why the people demand his nomination. They feel that the tariff reform views of President Cleveland and the principles laid down in his great and and the principles laid down in his great message, whatever its temporary effect may have been, gives us a living and vital issue to fight for, which has made the great victories since 1885 possible. It consolidated in one solid phalanx the democracy of the nation.

In every state of this union that policy has been placed in democrate platforms, and our battles have been fought upon it, and this great body of representative democrates have seen its good results. Every man in this convention recognizes this as the policy of the party. In Massachusetts it gave us a Russell, in Iowa it gave us a Botes, in Wisconsin it gave us Peck for governor and Vilas for senator, in Michigan it gave us Winns for governor and gave us a democratic legislature and will give us eight electoral votes for president. In 1889 in Ohio it gave us James Campbell tor governor, and in 1891 to defeat him it required the power, the wealth and the machinery of the entire republican party. In Pennsylvania it gave us a Robert E. Partison. In Connecticut it gave us a Gemocratic logislature of which we were who was kept out of office by the infamous conduct of the republican party. In New Hampshire it gave us a legislature of which we were defranded. In Illinois it gave us Palmer for senator and in Nebraska it gave us Palmer for senator and in Nebraska it gave us Palmer for senator and in Nebraska it gave us Boyd for Texas, was found dead in his berth on governor. In the great southern states it has In every state of this union that policy has

continued in power democratic governors and democratic legislatures. In New Jersey the power of democracy has been strengthened and the legislature and the executive are now both democratic. In the great state of New York it gave us David B. Hill for senator and Roswell Flower for governor. [Continued cheering.]

With all these glorious achievements it is the wisest and best party policy to nominate again the man whose policy made these successes

the man whose policy made these successes possible.

The people believe that these victories which gave us a democratic house of representatives in 1890, and democratic governors and senators in republican and doubtful states, are due to the courage and wisdom of Grover Cleveland, and so believing they recognize him as their great leader.

In presenting his name to the convention it is no reflection on any of the masterful leaders of the party. The victories which have been obtained are not alone the heritage of these states, they belong to the whole party. I feel that every democratic state and that every individual democrat has reason to rejoice and be proud, and appland those splendid successes. The candidacy of Grover Cleveland is not a reflection upon others it is not antagonistic to any great democratic leader. He comes before this convention not as the candidate of any one state. He is the choice of the great majority of democratic voters. The democracy of New Jersey, therefore, presents to this convention in this, the people's year, the nominee of the people—the plain, blunt, honest citizen, the idol of the democratic masses—Grover Cleveland.

CLEVELAND TALKS.

A Statement Given Out to the Press by the Democratic Nominee. Buzzard's Bay, June 24.—At 4:30 o'clock yesterday morning Mr. Cleveland through Gov. Russell sent from Gray Gables the following statement to the press: "I should cer-

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with dense insensibility if I were not profoundly touched by new proof of the confidence and tribute of the great party to which I belong claim my loyal obedience. I am confident that our fellow countrymen are ready to receive with

tainly be chargeable

approval the principle of true democracy, and I cannot rid myself of the belief that to win success it is very necessary to persistently and honestly advocate these principles. Differences of opinion and judgment in democratic conventions are by no means unwholesome in dications, but it is hardly conceivable in view of the in portance of our success to the country and to the party that there Checrs.]
This sentiment is so strong and overpowering should be anywhere among democrats that it has affected and controlled the actions any lack of harmonious and active effort to win in the campaign which opens before us. I have, therefore, no concern on that subject. It will cerbe my constant endeavor to deserve the support of every democrat."

AGRICULTURAL APPROPRIATION

One Amendment to It Remains to Be Disposed of by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The agricultural appropriation bill was disposed of I have sublime faith in the expression of the people, which is clear and decisive. When the question before them has excited discussion and debate: when it appeals to their interests and feelings and calls for the exercise of their judgment, and they then say we want this man and we can elect him, we their representatives, must not disobey or disappoint them. It is incumbent upon us to obey their wishes and concur in their judgment: then, having given them the candidate of their choice they will give us their best, their most energetic efforts, to secure success. [Cheers.] tion to the provision as to monthly crop reports, the bill as passed by the house requiring them to be "strictly" confined to percentages and to be withont comment. The senate committee on appropriations recommended the striking out of the restrictive words and it was that recommendation which Mr. Vest aided by Mr. Washburn and others fought and which still remains to be voted upon.

Mines Burled in Snow.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 24.-James Canis, a newspaper correspondent, has district, forty miles from the Union Pacifie, in Carbon county. He says that
active operations active operations cannot be resumed there before the middle of August. As writer and miner Canis has visited every camp in the country, and declares that Gold Hill beats them all for snow, not excepting Leadville. At Blachin district the snow is nearly 60 feet in depth. Travel is by snow shoes. Canis says Gold Hill will have great silver mines and some good producers of gold.

The Kaiser and His Guest. Berlin, June 24.-Emperor William and King Humbert proceeded to Juterberge, where they witnessed the artillery practice. As they returned to Berlin they were cheered by immense throngs that crowded the route. The cheering was continued until the emperor and his royal guest entered the Schloss.

Polsonous Corn Beef. GREENSBURG, Pa., June 24.-The family of John Liner, composed of himself and wife and two children, of Latrobe, ate canned corn beef. Soon afterward they all grew sick, suffering terribly for some hours. Liner and his wife are recovering, but the children are not yet out of danger.

The Appropriation Bills Washington, June 24.—The post office appropriation bill as completed and reported to the senate appropriates \$50,507,312, or an increase of \$2,220,479

over the amounts as the bill came from

the house. To the agricultural appropriation bill the committee has made additions aggregating \$37,500, so that it carries an appropriation of 83,247,955. Porter Will Not Accept. WASHINGTON, June 24.-Gen. Horace Porter, of New York, arrived in this city and called on the president during the evening. He said to a Post reporter that he would for obvious reasons de-

cline the position of chairman of the Republican national committee if it were offered him. Left His Betrothed Six Millions. WORCESTER, Mass., June 24.-Ger trude Bliss, daughter of Mrs. S. H. Bliss, living at No. 6 Home street in this city, has fallen heir to \$3,000,000 by the will of her intended husband, Mr. Hartwell, of Hartford, who recently

Oldest Seaworthy Craft Affont. John Beattie, of New Haven, claims to be the owner of the oldest seaworthy craft in the world. The vessel is the Wasp, a schooner purchased by Mr. Beattie in 1870. She was built at Cohoes, on the Hudson river, in 1812. The Wasp is older than the whaleship Stonington, that is to be taken to Chicago to the world's fair. For years after being launched the Wasp ran as a Hudson river packet and between points on the sound. Once, when lying in the North river, her crew mutinied and murdered her captain. The murderers were hanged. The vessel is now employed

Y. Sun. -It is stated that the only woman freemason in the world is Mrs. Salome Anderson, of Oakland, Cal. The account says that she learned the secrets of the order by concealing herself in room in her uncle's house where the lodge met. On being discovered she was made a member of the lodge to prevent her from publishing their se crets. Mrs. Anderson has served on the board of trustees of the Masonic temple. She is also a charter member of Golden Gate chapter, No. 1, Order of the Eastern Star, and is a member Oak Leaf chapter, No. 8.

in carrying granite to the breakwater

off the mouth of New York harbor .- N.

The Only One Ever Printed—Can You Find the Word?

There is a 3 inch display advertisement in this paper, this week, which has no two words allike except one word. The same is true of each new one appearing each week, from The Dr. Harter Medicine Co. This house places a "Crescent" on everything they make and publish. Look for it, send them the name of the word and they will return you book, beautiful lithographs or samples free.

A GREEN old age is all right. It is the green young age that is dangerous.—Gaiveston News.

Before You Take a Pacific Slope For the far west; before you go aboard your steamer, Puliman palace train or emigrant car, see to it that among your outfit is an adequate supply of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a medicinal safeguard specially suited to the wants of tourists, travelers, emigrants and summer sojourners. Cures nausea, dyspepsia, languor, heartburn, ma-laria, rheumatism, etc.

A MAN's political friends are not always the men he would like to trade horses with. —Columbus Post.

The best is as cheap as the poorest. Get the "A. B. C. Bohemian Bottled Beer" of St. Louis. It has the true hop flavor. ONE of the great heroes of life is the man who has the nerve to get up early in the

BEECHAM'S PILLS stimulate the ptyalin in

the saliva, remove depression, give appe-tite, and make the sick well. The standing army should be sent to the

PIMPLES are inexpressibly mortifying. Remedy-Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents. THE telephone takes every body's word .-

THE Ram's Horn is published at Indianapolis, Indiana, at \$1.50 per year. A House show—The average amaterider.—Kate Field's Washington.

HEALTH TID-BITS save weak, nervous men. \$1; trial box 10c. Ohio Chemical Co., Cincin., O The proper place for undressed kid the bathtub.—Texas Siftings.

MARKET REPORTS. KANSAS CITY, June 27 CATTLE—Best beeves. \$ 3 50 Stockers. 2 50 2 50 @ 3 25 Stockers.
Native cows.
HOGS—Good to choice heavy...
WHEAT—No. 2 red.
No. 2 hard. CORN-No 2 mixed OATS-No. 2 mixed..... Fancy. 1 90 @ 1 93

HAY—Choice timothy. 7 00 @ 8 53

Fancy prairie. 7 00 @ 7 50

POULTRY—Spring chickens. 13 @ 14

BUTTER—Choice creamery. 15 @ 17

TUPDED Pull Gream 11 0 12 11 @ 12 11 @ 11% 75 @ 80 CHEESE-Full cream.....

| CORN-No. 2 red. | 76 @ 3 2 |
| CORN-No. 2 mixed | 44 @ 4 |
| OATS-No. 2 mixed | 30 @ 3 |
| RYE-No. 2 | 80 @ 81 |
| BUTTER-Creamery | 14 @ 18 |
| PORK-New | 11 0 | @11 50 |
| LARD-Western steam | 6 2) @ 634 4415 CATTLE-Prime to extra..... HOGS—Packing and shipping 4 85 6 5 05
SHEEP—Fair to choice 4 85 6 5 25
FLOUR—Winter wheat 4 20 6 4 30
WHEAT—No. 2 red 80 6 805
CODY. No. 2 6 5 1 6 805 OATS-No. 2..... 327.0 6 42% 3 5 45 LARD NEW YORK. CATTLE—Native steers.....
HOGS—Good to choice......
FLOUR—Good to choice.....

WHEAT-No. 2 red CORN-No. 2 OATS-Western mixed BUTTER-Creamery PORK-Old mess.....

89163

You're through with Catarrh, finally and completely, -or you have \$500 in cash.

That's what is promised you, no matter how bad your case or of how long standing, by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Catarrh can be cured. Not with

the poisonous, irritating snuffs and strong, caustic solutions, that simply palliate for a time, or perhaps, drive the disease to the lungs-but with Dr. Sage's Remedy.

The worst cases yield to its mild,

soothing, cleansing and healing prop-erties. "Cold in the Head," needs

F. J. CHENET & Co., Toledo, O., Proprs. of Hall's Catarrh Cure, offer \$100 reward for any case of estarrh that can not be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

THE best business college—The school of experience.—Puck.



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the sys-tem effectually, dispels colds, head-aches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and acceptable. healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

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'August Flower'

Miss C. G. McCLAVE, Schoolteacher, 753 Park Place, Elmira, N. Y. "This Spring while away from home teaching my first term in a country school I was perfectly wretched with that human agony called dyspepsia. After dieting for two weeks and getting no better, a friend wrote me, suggesting that I friend wrote me, suggesting that I take August Flower. The very next day I purchased a bottle. I am delighted to say that August Flower helped me so that I have quite recovered from my indisposition." covered from my indisposition."

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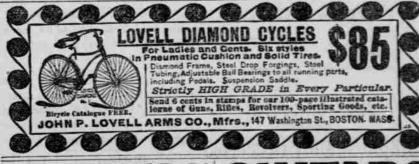
Pearline takes away the rubbing, and the washboard, and the warm work. It gives you more time to yourself-and saves your money. Send Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocer, will tell you "this is as good as "or "the same as Pearline." it Page 1- IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, it Back IT'S FALSE-Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest-send it back. 386 JAMES PYLE, N. Y.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

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